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	(Part 3Z: Officers)
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FUNCTIONS AND PROCEDURES OF OFFICERS

1 SPECIFIC NON-EXECUTIVE POWERS OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE

ONLY FULL COUNCIL CAN AMEND THE SPECIFIC NON-EXECUTIVE POWERS OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE

1.1 The Chief Executive will exercise the following specific powers and functions on behalf of the Council (in accordance with the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 as amended):

	Function	Provision of Act or Statutory
		Instrument
1.1.1	Power to assign officers in relation	S. 52(4) of the Representation of the
	to requisitions of the registration	People Act 1983.
	officer.	
1.1.2	Duty to provide assistance at	S. 6(7) and (8) of the European
	European Parliamentary elections.	Parliamentary Elections Act 2002.
1.1.3	Duty to divide constituency into	SS. 18A to 18E of, and Schedule A1 to,
	polling districts.	the Representation of the People Act
		1983.
1.1.4	Power to divide electoral divisions	S. 31 of the Representation of the
	into polling districts at local	People Act 1983.
	government elections.	
1.1.5	Powers in respect of holding of	S. 39(4) of the Representation of the
	elections.	People Act 1983.
1.1.6	Power to pay expenses properly	S. 54 of the Representation of the
	incurred by electoral registration	People Act 1983.
	officers.	



1.1.7	Power to fill vacancies in the event	S. 21 of the Representation of the
	of insufficient nominations.	People Act 1985.
1.1.8	Duty to declare vacancy in office in	S. 86 of the Local Government Act
	certain cases.	1972.
1.1.9	Duty to give public notice of a	S. 87 of the Local Government Act
	casual vacancy.	1972.
1.1.10	Power to make temporary	S. 91 of the Local Government Act
	appointments to parish councils.	1972.
1.1.11	Duty to consult on change of	SS. 33(2), 38 (2) and 40(2) of the Local
	scheme for elections.	Government and Public Involvement
		in Health Act 2007.
1.1.12	Duties relating to publicity.	SS. 35, 41 and 52 of the Local
		Government and Public Involvement
		in Health Act 2007.
1.1.13	Duties relating to notice to	SS. 36 and 42 of the Local
	Electoral Commission.	Government and Public Involvement
		in Health Act 2007.
1.1.14	Power to appoint staff, and to	Section 112 of the Local Government
	determine the terms and	Act 1972.
	conditions on which they hold	
	office (including procedures for	
	their dismissal).	
1.1.15	Power to make payments or	S. 92 of the Local Government Act
	provide other benefits in cases of	2000.
	maladministration etc.	

2 POWERS OF OFFICERS

2.1 Subject to actions being in accordance with the law, the Council's Policy Framework (as defined in Part 2: Articles) and the Council's budget, Chief Officers of the Council, or other officers delegated by them, may take all operational decisions relating to the delivery of Executive and Local Choice Functions falling within their areas of responsibility. In addition, officers may take decisions on Non-Executive Functions



under any scheme of delegation agreed by the Council or Committee exercising those functions.

- 2.2 This includes the power to:
 - 2.2.1 incur expenditure under approved budgets;
 - 2.2.2 enter into any contractual arrangements;
 - 2.2.3 serve any statutory notices, including any notices of Council, committee or other meetings;
 - 2.2.4 authorise and enter into any court proceedings, enforcement action or other procedures to enforce the law or protect the Council's or the public's interests;
 - 2.2.5 take decisions relating to administrative, staffing and service delivery matters excluding policy and strategic decisions.
- 2.3 The Chief Executive may allocate functions between themselves and the Chief Officers, but any failure to allocate functions shall not invalidate any action or decision taken in good faith by a Chief Officer of the Council or other officers delegated by them.
- 2.4 The Chief Executive may allocate additional areas of responsibility to officers as they see fit, but any failure to allocate responsibility shall not invalidate any decision taken in good faith by a Chief Officer of the Council.
- 2.5 In the absence of a Chief Officer a decision may be taken on their behalf by another Chief Officer.
- 2.6 The Council specifically delegates to officers the power to appoint staff (except for the Head of Paid Service) and to determine the terms and conditions on which they hold office (including procedures for their dismissal). The Chief Executive shall make arrangements for the appointment of any officers who are classified by statute as Chief Officers or Deputy Chief Officers in accordance with the procedures laid down in the Local Authorities (Standing Orders) (England) Regulations 2001. (The appointment of staff is not an Executive Function and cannot be exercised by the Cabinet, Leader or Deputy Leaders). The Chief Executive shall ensure that the Monitoring Officer, or a person nominated by the Monitoring Officer, shall have sufficient staff resources to carry out his duties.
- 2.7 A chart showing the structure of the Council's Chief Officers (as determined by the Chief Executive) is set at Part 3Za.



2.8 A list of people designated as the "Proper Officer" for various statutory provisions is set out at Part 3Kb. However, the Chief Executive may designate any other officer to fulfil these functions at any time.

